



OUNDLÉ

School

Sample Paper:
Junior Entrance Examination

Mathematics

Time allowed: 1 hour

Instructions

- All working and answers must be shown on this paper. Marks will be given for demonstrating your method.
- Calculators are NOT permitted.

1. (a) Work out $58 + 74$

Answer

2. (b) Work out $113 - 29$

Answer

3. (c) Multiply 54×7

Answers

4. (d) Work out $468 \div 9$

Answer

5. Work out : twice the difference between the largest and the smallest number

12, 6, 9, 21, 7, 23

Answer

6. Write as a number: one hundred thousand and ten

Answer

7. James and Susie write “multiple choice” Maths tests in which you can score negative marks for wrong answers. Last term, James improved his average test score from -6 to 5 , while Susie improved her average from -8 to 4 . Who has made the bigger improvement, and by how much? (SHOW YOUR WORKING!)

Answer

8. Greta runs 2 miles in 16 minutes.
Running at the same speed, how long would she take to run 5 miles ?

Answer

9. On a clock face, what is the angle between the hands at 5.20 ?
(Remember : the hour hand will have moved on since 5.00!)

Answer

10. Harry says that 5.2 minutes is equal to 320 seconds. Is he correct? You must show your full working and, if you think he is wrong, you must work out the correct answer.

Answer

11. Krish's school day starts at 8.30 am. Before break, he has three 45-minute lessons, with a 5 minute "moving period" between lessons. Break starts as soon as lesson 3 ends. At what time does break start?

Answer

12. (a) Work out : $\frac{1}{4}$ of 320

Answer

(b) What is $\frac{3}{4}$ of 16 ?

Answer

(c) Write 0.3 as a fraction.

Answer

(d) Work out : $1\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{1}{2}$

Answer

13. Continue the sequences, giving the next two terms each time:

(a) -2, 2, 6, 10, 14,,

(b) 16, 8, 4, 2, 1,,

(c) 1, 2, 4, 7, 11, 16,,

(d) 1, 3, 4, 7, 11, 18,,

14. Put one of the signs $+$, $-$, \times , \div in each of the gaps to make both sums have the same answer. You are allowed to use the same sign twice on any line.

For example: $40 \dots 5 = 6 \dots 2$

could be $40 \div 5 = 6 + 2$

(a) $5 \dots 3 = 16 \dots 8$

(b) $92 \dots 7 = 11 \dots 9$

(c) $84 \dots 7 = 48 \dots 4$

(d) $27 \dots 9 = 3 \dots 6$

(e) $10 \dots \frac{1}{3} = 6 \dots 5$

15. You are told that $36 \times 52 = 1872$. Use this fact to write down the answers to :

(a) 360×52 Answer

(b) $3\,600 \times 520$ Answer

(c) $3\,600 \times 0.52$ Answer

(d) $18\,720 \div 5.2$ Answer

(e) 18×208 Answer

(For (e) you must show working in the space below so it is clear how you used $36 \times 52 = 1872$ to get the answer for 18×208)

16. For the annual school musical, the hall contained two “adult” sections with 80 seats each and four “pupil” sections with 100 seats each. On the opening night, the “adult” sections were 50% full and the “pupil” sections were 70% full.

(a) Work out the total number of people (pupils + adults) that attended the musical on the opening night.

Answer

(b) What was the average (mean) number of people per section on that night ?

Answer

17. Mum’s purse contains an equal number of £5, £10 and £20 notes, and no coins. The total value of money in her purse is £280. How many notes are in her wallet ?

Answer

18. A "line of symmetry" is like a mirror.

The letter **D** has one line of symmetry, running horizontally through the middle as

shown here **—D—** because the top half and the bottom half reflect each other

exactly. The letter **G** has no lines of symmetry.

Which letter(s) in the word **MATHEMATICS** have no lines of symmetry ?

Answer

19. What is the smallest even 5-digit number that you can make with the digits 5, 3, 9, 4, 8 using each digit only once ?

Answer